

NP-Completeness

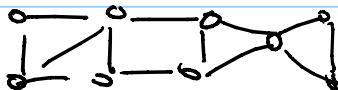
Note Title

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Recall: $A \propto_p B$

- 1] Hamiltonian Cycle (HC) : a cycle that visits each vertex exactly once.

e.g.



No HC.

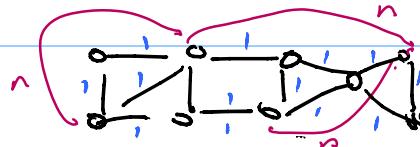
- 2] Traveling Salesman (TS) : Given n cities, with distances, and k , is there a tour of length $\leq k$?

Tour: a cycle visiting each city exactly once.

- 3] Thrm: $HC \propto_p TS$

Given HC: $G = (V, E) \rightarrow G' = (V, E')$, $E' = V \times V$, $w(x, y) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } (x, y) \in E \\ n & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

$k = n$;



4] NP-Hard :

Problem A is NP-hard if $\forall \pi \in NP, \pi \leq_p A$

5] NP-Complete :

problem A is NP-Complete if

① $A \in NP$

② A is NP-hard; $\forall \pi \in NP, \pi \leq_p A$.

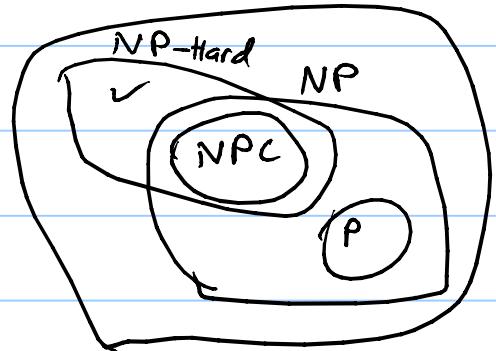
e.g. SAT $\in NPC$ (see proof)

6] SAT: Given a boolean formula f

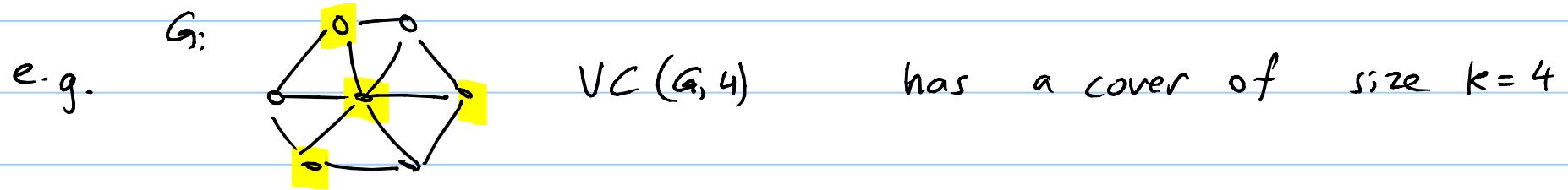
in conjunctive normal form (CNF),

is f satisfiable:

e.g. $f = (\underbrace{x_1 \vee x_2}_{3 \text{ clauses}}) \wedge (\underbrace{\overline{x_1} \vee x_3 \vee x_4}_{m} \wedge \underbrace{(x_1 \vee \overline{x_3})}_{n}) \in SAT$



7] Vertex Cover (VC) Given undirected graph $G = (V, E)$, and k ,
is there $C \subseteq V$ of size k s.t. $\forall (x, y) \in E, x \in C \text{ or } y \in C$.



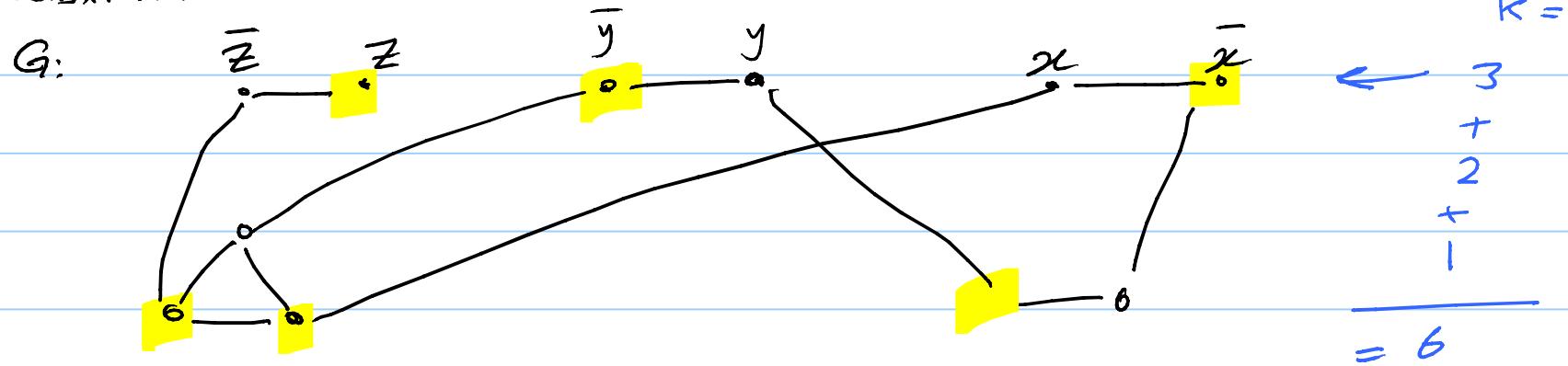
8] Independent Set (IS) Given G , and k , is there $S \subseteq V$ of size k
s.t. $\forall x, y \in S, (x, y) \notin E$.

9] Thrm: if $A \in NP$, $B \in NPC$, and $B \leq_p A$,
then $A \in NPC$.

10] $SAT \propto_p VC$

e.g. Given $f = (x \vee \bar{y} \vee \bar{z}) \wedge (\bar{x} \vee y)$

Construct:



$$k = n + \sum_{j=1}^m (|C_j| - 1) ; \quad \text{where } C_j \text{ is the } j^{\text{th}} \text{ clause.}$$

$\therefore f$ is satisfiable iff G has VC of size k