



3] e.g. Is  $(\mathbb{Z}, \leq)$  a lattice?

yes,  $\forall x, y \in \mathbb{Z}$ ,  $GLB(x, y) = \min(x, y)$   
 $LUB(x, y) = \max(x, y)$



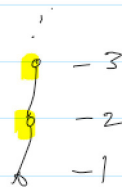
4] exer. Is  $(\mathbb{Z}^-, \geq)$  a lattice?

No, not reflexive

+B#34

5] exer. Is  $(\mathbb{Z}^-, \leq)$  a lattice?

yes,  $\forall x, y \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ ,  $GLB(x, y) = \max(x, y)$   
 $LUB(x, y) = \min(x, y)$



+B#9

6] Topological Sorting:

objective: • to find a compatible total ordering on a poset  
• to sort the tasks of a given project.

7] Lemma 1: every finite nonempty poset  $(S, \leq)$  has a minimal element.

8] Algorithm: Topological Sort ( $S$ : finite poset)

1.  $k=1$

2. while  $(S \neq \emptyset)$  do

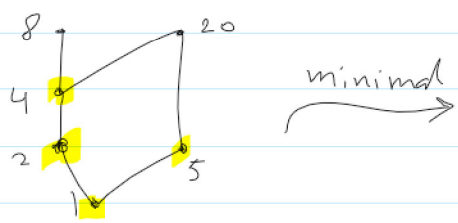
2.1  $\{ a_k = \text{minimal-elt}(S)$

...

- 2.1  $\{ a_k = \text{minimal-elt}(S) \}$
- 2.2.  $S = S - \{ a_k \}$
- 2.3.  $k = k + 1$
- }

3. output :  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$  as a total ordering compatible with  $(S, \leq)$

9] e.g. Find a compatible total ordering for the poset  $(\{1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 20\}, \leq)$



output (compatible total ordering)  
 $1, 5, 2, 4, 8, 20$

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End of Ch 9.